

CERTIFICATION

NF Certification System Technical Management Appendix:

Valves-Hydraulic Fountain Fittings



Identification No.: NF 197 Revision No.: 08 Application date: 25/07/2022

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CHANGE HISTORY

Modified part	Revision No	Implementation date	Change made
/	07	06/04/2021	Document creation.
	08	25/07/2022	Modification of table n°2 of part 6



Part 1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this document, the Technical Management Appendix to the NF045 Reference System, revision 07, is to describe the manufacturer's production quality requirements as well as the inspection methods used by the CSTB regarding each "Valves-Hydraulic Fountain Fittings" family of products, whose specifications are laid down in the following Technical Documents: 197-02, 197-03, 197-04, 197-05 et 197-06.



Part 2. CAST-IRON GATE VALVES

1 Quality requirements of the manufacturer's production

The functional quality of the production will be ensured by the manufacturer according to one of the following procedures:

- Standard procedure: based on 100% inspection at production end according to the Table.
- Adapted procedure: based on the control of the elements of design, manufacture and quality assurance operations during production, making it possible to apply the final inspection operations according to the Table.

1.1 Standard procedure

The minimal quality assurance operations to be carried out during production shall be those specified in the Table.

The test fluid shall be water.

Object of the quality assurance operations	Frequency	Nominal Diameter (DN)	Test time (*) (in seconds)
Resistance and tightness of		≤ 50	15
the jacket under internal pressure equal to the largest	100%	65 ≤ DN ≤ 150	60
of 2 values: PEA or 1.5 x PFA		200 ≤ DN ≤ 300	120
		DN > 300	300
	direction 1:100% direction 2:	≤ 50	15
Tightness of the gate disk (seat) at 1.1 PFA	 DN ≤ 200: Sampling plan approved by 	65 ≤ DN ≤ 150	60
	CSTB - DN ≥ 250: 100%	> 150	120
	Sampling plan approved by CSTB	≤ 50	15
leak-tightness of the gate		65 ≤ DN ≤ 200	30
disk (seat) at 0.5 bar		250 ≤ DN ≤ 400	60
		> 400	120
Maximum operating torque ^a	100%		
Coating	See Technical Document No. 1		
Marking	100%		



^a For these quality assurance operations during production, the torque measurements are carried out statically.

Note: The PEA (Allowable site test pressure) and PFA (Allowable operating pressure) definitions and values are those given in Standard NF EN 1074-1.

Test time: Time allocated for measuring the leak under steady-state conditions

(*): The testing time may be under the given time, **but never under 10 seconds**, on condition that:

- the test procedure and the testing and measuring means used during production ensure the validity and reproducibility of the tests performed (a capability file shall have been drawn up and shall be made available),
- the validity of the tests performed during production is verified at least once a month by means of laboratory tests on products reported to be compliant and non-compliant during production.

The test results are recorded.

The tightness tests may be validated either visually or automatically. In the event of an automatic validation, the test parameters shall have been subjected to validation. A validation dossier shall be drawn up and made available for consultation during audits.



1.2 Adapted procedure

This procedure only concerns <u>valves with DN \leq 150</u>.

The final production tests according to the Table cannot be carried out unless the requester/holder provides evidence of the validation of the following elements:

- Complete design file comprising: the functional specifications, the definition file, the 3D drawing file, the technical specifications, the standard part and pilot batch report, the product qualification report.
- All elements specifying the quality assurance operations carried out on the components and during the product production process (subcontracted and/or internal).
- Elements demonstrating that the components having semi-finished or non-retouched functional surfaces have been made in 3D (design, production moulds, quality assurance operations on the first pieces).
- Experience feedback (pilot batch and/or full production).

Moreover,

- The static tightness torques, measured according to EN 1074-1 §5.2.2.1, are at least 40% lower than the standard MOT,
 - o after the static fatigue tests performed according to EN 1074-2 §5.5 (type tests),
 - during the type tests, the quality assurance operations during production and the review inspection tests carried out by CSTB on the products in their delivery state.
- The final tightness quality assurance operation means shall be automated and their reliability and repeatability shall be regularly verified.
- In case of isolated or serial defects, a quality procedure shall establish the measures to be taken.

The test fluid shall be water.

Object of the quality assurance operations	Frequency	Nominal Diameter (DN)	Test time (*) (in seconds)
Resistance and tightness of the sleeve under internal pressure	100%	≤ 50	15
equal to the largest of 2 values: PEA or 1.5 x PFA	100 /0	65 ≤ DN ≤ 150	60
Tightness of the gate disk (seat) at	^{at} 25% on a random side -	≤ 50	15
1.1 PFA		65 ≤ DN ≤ 150	60
leak-tightness of the gate disk		≤ 50	15
(seat) at 0.5 bar	25% on a random side	65 ≤ DN ≤ 150	30
Maximum operating torque ^a	100%		
Coating	See Technical Document 197-01		
Marking	100%		



^a For these quality assurance operations during production, the torque measurements are carried out statically.

Note: The PEA (Allowable site test pressure) and PFA (Allowable operating pressure) definitions and values are those given in standard NF EN 1074-1.

Test time: Time allocated for measuring the leak under steady-state conditions

(*): The testing time may be under the given time, but never under 10 seconds, on condition that:

the test procedure and the testing and measuring means used during production ensure the validity and reproducibility of the tests performed (a capability file shall have been drawn up and shall be made available),
 the validity of the tests performed during production is verified at least once a month by means of laboratory tests on products reported to be compliant and non-compliant during production.

The test time is the time defined, and the test results are recorded.

The tightness tests may be validated either visually or automatically. In the event of an automatic validation, the test parameters shall have been subjected to validation. A validation dossier shall be drawn up and made available for consultation during audits.



Procedures for the quality assurance operations carried 2 out by CSTB

The tests are carried out during admission and surveillance audits in compliance with the Table.

The tests are carried out according to the requirements defined in the product standards.

Tests Standard dimensional characteristics Mechanical strength and Leak-tightness of the jacket under internal pressure (PEA or 1.5 PFA) Mechanical strength of the gate disk under differential pressure (1.5 PFA or PFA+5) (*) Leak-tightness of the gate disk under 1.1 PFA (*) Leak-tightness of the gate disk under 0.5 bars (*) No. of turns and No. of idle turns Operating torque Strength test torque Tightness of the gate disk under 1.1 PFA Tightness of the gate disk under 0.5 bars Operating torque Full flow Coating thickness Degree of polymerisation Porosity Resistance of the coating to impacts

Table 3 – Tests to be carried out on gate valves during the audit

The tests within a product family must be carried out on a sample per type of gate disk and sealing system design at the shaft's passage and at the pressure rating.

The variants relative to connecting systems, etc. are to be covered by specific inspection and testing.

(*): When forming part of a monitoring inspection, this test is carried out in one single direction of circulation



Part 3. METALLIC BUTTERFLY VALVES

1 Quality requirements of the manufacturer's production

The minimal quality assurance operations to be carried out during production shall be those specified in the reference product standards and in the Table.

Table 1: Minimum	in-production	inspection
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Object of the quality assurance operations	Butterfly valves	
Envelope 1.5 PFA (allowable operating pressure);	Sampling plan approved by CSTB	
Obturator seal efficiency 1.1 PFA (allowable operating pressure);	Sampling plan approved by CSTB	
Obturator seal efficiency 0.1 PFA (allowable operating pressure);	Sampling plan approved by CSTB	
Operating torque ^a	Sampling plan approved by CSTB	
Compliance with the order	per unit (100% of products)	
^a Torque measures can be made at static pressure for this test during manufacturing.		

2 Procedures of inspections carried out by CSTB

Table 2: Tests on tapware carried out during the audit

Tests	Butterfly valves
Standard dimensional characteristics	Х
Envelope 1.5 PFA (allowable operating pressure);	Х
Obturator seal efficiency 1.1 PFA (allowable operating pressure);	Х
Obturator seal efficiency 0.1 PFA (allowable operating pressure);	Х
Sealing range	Х
Operating torque	Х
Strength test torque	Х
Operability	Х
Coating thickness	Х
Degree of polymerisation	Х
Resistance of the coating to impacts	Х



Porosity	Х
Closing time	Х

The tests within a product family shall be carried out on one unit per type of gate disk and sealing system design, for the most frequently produced pressure rating if the family contains several pressure ratings.

Special tests may be made for variants.



Part 4. PILLAR FIRE HYDRANTS

1 Manufacturer's production quality requirements

The minimal quality assurance operations to be carried out during production shall be those specified in the reference product standards and in the Table.

Object of the quality assurance operations	Frequency	Test time (in seconds)
Resistance and leak-tightness of the jacket under internal pressure equal to the higher of the two values, PEA or 1.5 x PFA $^{(a)}$	100%	60
Tightness of the obturator at 1.1 PFA	100%	30
Operation (Number of turns, drainage, etc.)	100%	
Operating torque ^(b) (80 Nm max)	100%	
Compliance with the order	100%	
Coating	See Technical document 197-01	
Marking	100%	
^(a) : For this quality assurance operation, one of the inlet plugs normally installed can be replaced by a plug specific to the the test. ^(b) For this quality assurance operation, the torque is checked on static and this can be carried out during the leak- tightness check cycles.		

Table 1: Minimum in-production inspection

Note: The PEA (Allowable site test pressure) and PFA (Allowable operating pressure) definitions and values are those given in standard NF EN 1074-1.



2 Procedures of inspections carried out by CSTB

The tests are carried out during admission and surveillance audits in compliance with the Table below. The tests are carried out in accordance with the requirements defined in products standards.

Table 2: Tests to be performed on the pillar fire hydrants during the audit

Tests
Standard dimensional characteristics
Resistance and tightness of the sleeve under internal pressure equal to the largest of 2 values: PEA or 1.5 x PFA
Leak-tightness of the obturator - Low pressure
Leak-tightness of the obturator - High pressure
Number of turns
Number of turns corresponding to beginning of opening
Drain time
Flow rate (*)
Operating torque
Strength test torque
Leak-tightness of the obturator - Low pressure
Leak-tightness of the obturator - High pressure
Number of turns
Bending strength test (standard EN1074-6/Appendix A) (**)
Resistance to the force above the floor level (standard EN1074-6/Appendix B)
Coating thickness
Degree of polymerisation
Porosity
Resistance of the coating to impacts

(*): During monitoring, the test is to be conducted on an outlet, and on the largest diameter, preferably.

(**): Test to be performed when modifying either the design or a change of supplier, etc.



Part 5. FIRE HYDRANTS

1 Manufacturer's production quality requirements

The minimal quality assurance operations to be carried out during production shall be those specified in the reference product standards and in the Table.

Frequency	Test time (in seconds)
100%	60
100%	30
100%	
100%	
100%	
See Technical document 197-01	
100%	
	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% See Technical document 197-01

Table 1: Minimum in-production inspection

Note: The PEA (Allowable site test pressure) and PFA (Allowable operating pressure) definitions and values are those given in Standard NF EN 1074-1.



2 Procedures of inspections carried out by CSTB

The tests are carried out during admission and surveillance audits in compliance with the Table below. The tests are carried out according to the requirements defined in the product standards.

Table 2: Tests to be performed on the fire hydrants during the audit

Tests
Standard dimensional characteristics
Resistance and leak-tightness of the sleeve under internal pressure equal to the larger of the 2 values: PEA or 1.5 x PFA
Obturator tightness
Number of turns
Number of turns corresponding to beginning of opening
Drain time
Flow rate
Operating torque
Strength test torque
Obturator tightness
Number of turns
Coating thickness
Degree of polymerisation
Porosity
Resistance of the coating to impacts



Part 6. SUCTION DEVICES

1 Quality requirements of the manufacturer's production

The minimal quality assurance operations to be carried out during production shall be those specified in the reference product standards and in the Table.

Object of the quality assurance operations	Frequency	Test time (in seconds)
Resistance and leak-tightness of the sleeve under internal pressure equal to the higher of the two values, PEA or 1.5 x PFA $^{(a)}$	100%	60
<i>For type H devices,</i> Leak-tightness of the seat at 1.1 PFA high pressure	100%	30
For type H devices, Operation (Number of turns, drainage, etc.)	100%	
For type H devices, Operating torque ^(b) (80 Nm max)	100%	
Compliance with the order	100%	
Coating	See Technical document 197-01	
Marking	100%	
 (a): For this quality assurance operation, one inlet plug normally installed can be replaced by a plug specific to the test. (b) For this quality assurance operation, the torque is checked on static and this can be carried out during the leak-tightness check cycle of the seat. 		

Table 1: Minimum in-production inspection

Note: The PEA (Allowable site test pressure) and PFA (Allowable operating pressure) definitions and values are those given in Standard NF EN 1074-1.



2 Procedures of inspections carried out by CSTB

The tests are carried out during admission and surveillance audits in compliance with the Table below. The tests are carried out in accordance with the requirements defined in standards NF S61-240 and NF EN 1074-6.

Table 2: Tests to be performed on the water suction hydrants during the audit

Tests
Design
Standard dimensional characteristics
Flow rate
Resistance and leak-tightness of the sleeve under internal pressure equal to the larger of the 2 values: PEA or $1.5 \times PFA$
For type H devices, Leak-tightness of the obturator
For type H devices, Number of turns
For type H devices, Number of turns corresponding to beginning of opening
For type H devices, Drainage time
For type H devices, Operating torque
For type H devices, Resistance test torque
For type H devices, Leak-tightness of the obturator
For type H devices, Number of turns
Reversibility device
Coating thickness
Degree of polymerisation
Resistance of the coating to impacts
Porosity

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